
方茎草属  fang jing cao shu

*Dargeria* Decaisne.


One species: C and SW Asia, NW China.

1. **Leptorhabdos parviflora** (Bentham) Bentham in A. de Candolle, Prodr. 10: 510. 1846.

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*Gerardia parviflora* Bentham, Scroph. Ind. 48. 1835;

*Leptorhabdos micrantha* Schrenk.

Annuals, 20–100 cm tall, short glandular hairy. Stems erect, much branched and broomlike, basally purple-brown. Leaves opposite, sometimes alternate above, decreasing in size upward; lower leaf blade linear, 4–8 cm, pinnatisect; segments 1–5 pairs, narrowly linear, margin entire or toothed. Racemes long; bracts linear. Calyx 3–5 mm, 10-veined; lobes 5, subulate-triangular, shorter than tube. Corolla pink, ca. 6 mm; tube 2/3 of corolla length; lobes ovate-orbicular, 2-parted almost to base. Capsule oblong, 4–6 mm, margin apically short ciliate, apex obtuse and emarginate. Seeds ca. 2 mm. Fl. Jul–Aug.

Banks of rivers and lakes, depressions, steppes; 800–1500 m. Gansu (Anxi Xian), Xinjiang [Afghanistan, NW India, Kashmir, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan; SW Asia].

*Leptorhabdos parviflora* is expected to occur in Xizang, for it reaches 30°N latitude and 80°E longitude in the Himalayas.