10. TRILLIUM Linnaeus, Sp. Pl. 1: 339. 1753.

延龄草属 yan ling cao shu

Liang Songyun (梁松筠 Liang Song-jun); Victor G. Soukup

Herbs perennial, usually with stout rhizome. Stem erect, simple, basally with a few brown, scalelike sheaths. Leaves 3, in a terminal whorl, sessile or shortly petiolate, rhombic-orbicular to ovate, with 3 or 5 main veins and anastomosing veinlets. Flowers bisexual, solitary, terminal, pedunculate. Tepals 6, in 2 whorls, free; outer ones usually green, persistent; inner ones petaloid, rose purple to white, slightly narrower than outer, withering or deciduous after anthesis. Stamens 6; filaments short; anthers basifixed, linear, with very short connective. Ovary ovoid to globose, 3-loculed; ovules several to many per locule. Style short, deeply 3-lobed often to base. Fruit a berry, globose to ovoid. Seeds several to many, ovoid, small.

About 46 species: Bhutan, China, India, Japan, Korea, Myanmar, Nepal, Russia, Sikkim; North America; four species (one endemic) in China.

1a. Stems tufted; leaves sessile; inner tepals elliptic or obovate.	
2a. Anthers 7–8 mm, longer than filaments	1. T. kamtschaticum
2b. Anthers 3-4 mm, shorter than or equaling filaments	2. T. tschonoskii
1b. Stem solitary; leaves shortly petiolate; inner tepals linear-lanceolate or linear.	
3a. Outer tepals similar in shape and size to inner ones, 1.5-2 mm wide; peduncle 2-3 mm	3. T. govanianum
3b. Outer tepals quite different in shape and size from inner ones, 10-12 mm wide; peduncle 12-14 cm	4. T. taiwanense

1. Trillium kamtschaticum Pallas ex Pursh, Fl. Amer. Sept. 1: 245. 1814.

吉林延龄草 ji lin yan ling cao

Plants 35–50 cm tall. Rhizome stout, abbreviated. Stems tufted. Leaves sessile, broadly rhombic-orbicular or ovate-orbicular, $10-17 \times 7-17$ cm. Peduncle 1.5–4 cm. Flowers 3–5 cm wide. Outer tepals green, broadly lanceolate to oblong-lanceolate, $3-3.5 \times 0.7-1.2$ cm; inner ones white, elliptic or obovate, $3-3.8 \times 1-1.6$ cm. Stamens ca. 2/5 as long as tepals; filaments 3-4 mm; anthers usually 7–10 mm, with slightly convex connective apically. Ovary subconical-ovoid; stigma rather thick. Berry ovoid-globose, 1.8-2.8 cm in diam. Fl. Jun, fr. Aug. $2n = 10^*$, 24.

Forests, forest margins, moist places; 500–1400 m. Jilin [Japan, Korea, Russia (Siberia); North America].

2. Trillium tschonoskii Maximowicz, Bull. Acad. Imp. Sci. Saint-Pétersbourg 29: 218. 1884. 延龄草 van ling cao

Trillium morii Hayata; T. tschonoskii var. himalaicum H. Hara; T. tschonoskii f. morii (Hayata) Yamamoto; T. tschonoskii var. morii (Hayata) Masamune.

Plants 15–50 cm tall. Rhizome stout, abbreviated. Stems tufted. Leaves sessile, rhombic-orbicular to broadly rhombic, $6-15 \times 5-15$ cm. Peduncle 1–4 cm. Flowers 3–4 cm wide. Outer tepals green, narrowly ovate to ovate-lanceolate, 1.5-2 cm × 5–9 mm, herbaceous; inner ones white, rarely pale purple, ovate-lanceolate, 1.5-2.2 cm × 4–6(–10) mm. Stamens ca. 2/5 as long as tepals; filaments 4–5 mm; anthers 3–4 mm, with slightly convex connective apically. Ovary conical-ovoid, 7–9 × 5–7 mm; stigma rather thick. Berry black-purple, globose, 1.5-1.8 cm in diam., many seeded. Fl. Apr–Jun, fr. Jul–Aug. 2n = 20.

Forests, moist places along ravines, shady and rocky places on hillsides; 1000–3200 m. Anhui, Fujian, Gansu, Hubei, Shaanxi, Sichuan,

Taiwan, Xizang, Yunnan, Zhejiang [Bhutan, Japan, Korea, Myanmar, Sikkim].

This is a vulnerable species in China.

3. Trillium govanianum Wallich ex Royle, Ill. Bot. Himal. Mts. 1: 384. 1839.

西藏延龄草 xi zang yan ling cao

Trillidium govanianum (Wallich ex Royle) Kunth.

Plants 12–20 cm tall. Rhizome creeping, slightly elongate, terete, 8–10 mm thick. Stem solitary. Leaves shortly petiolate, ovate or ovate-cordate, 4–6 × 2.2–4 cm. Peduncle 2–3 mm. Flowers 2–2.5 cm wide. Outer tepals green, linear or linear-lanceolate, 1–1.2 cm × 1.5–2 mm; inner ones purple-red, very similar to outer ones in shape, 1.1–1.5 cm × ca. 1 mm. Stamens ca. 1/4 as long as tepals; filaments ca. 2 mm; anthers ca. 1.5 mm. Ovary purple-red, ovoid-globose, $5-6 \times 4-5$ mm. Fl. May–Jun.

Forests; ca. 3200 m. S Xizang (Dinggyê Xian) [Bhutan, India, Nepal, Sikkim].

4. Trillium taiwanense S. S. Ying, J. Jap. Bot. 64: 154. 1989.

台湾延龄草 tai wan yan ling cao

Plants 15–20 cm tall. Rhizome creeping, subterete, stout, 2–35 cm. Stem solitary. Leaves shortly petiolate, ovate or broadly ovate, $7-9 \times 4.5-5.5$ cm. Peduncle 12–14 cm. Flowers 3–5 cm wide. Outer tepals green, ovate-lanceolate or elliptic-lanceolate, $3.2-3.5 \times 1-1.2$ cm; inner ones linear or broadly linear, 1.4–1.9 cm × 1–1.5 mm. Stamens short; filaments 2–3 mm; anthers 1–1.5 mm. Ovary depressed ovoid, $5.5-6.5 \times 2.5-4$ mm; stigma 3-lobed. Fl. Jun.

• 1600-1700 m. E Taiwan (Hualian Shi).

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