

53. CRANIOTOME Reichenbach, Iconogr. Bot. Exot. 1: 39. 1825.

簇序草属 *cu xu cao shu*

Herbs erect, perennial, branched, densely spreading hirsute throughout. Leaves long petiolate, margin dentate. Cymes pedunculate, many flowered, helicoid or sometimes dichotomous, in axillary or terminal panicles; upper floral leaves bractlike; bracteoles linear, ciliate. Flowers pedicellate; pedicel 1-bracteolate. Calyx ovoid, \pm urceolate-globose in fruit, slightly constricted at throat, villous beyond throat inside, 10-veined; teeth 5, subequal, uppermost tooth larger. Corolla exserted, 2-lipped; tube straight, cylindric, throat slightly dilated; upper lip straight, margin entire, concave; lower lip longer, spreading, 3-lobed, lobes ovate; middle lobe largest. Stamens 4, reaching underside of upper lip of corolla, anterior 2 longer; anther cells 2, divaricate. Style apex slightly dilated, subequally 2-cleft. Nutlets triquetrous, subglobose, shiny.

Monotypic: Bhutan, China, India (Sikkim), Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Vietnam.

1. *Craniotome furcata* (Link) Kuntze, Revis. Gen. Pl. 2: 516. 1891.

簇序草 *cu xu cao*

Ajuga furcata Link, Enum. Hort. Berol. Alt. 2: 99. 1822;
Anisomeles (Link) *furcata* Sweet; *Anisomeles nepalensis*
Sprengel; *C. versicolor* Reichenbach; *Nepeta versicolor*
Trevisan de Saint-Léon.

Stems 1–2 m tall, base subwoody, densely spreading hirsute, sometimes branched. Petiole 2.5–7 cm, densely hirsute; leaf blade broadly ovate-cordate, membranous, densely spreading hirsute, golden glandular, margin crenate. Panicles 14–18 cm; peduncle ca. 6 mm; lower floral leaves leaflike, upper leaves spatulate; bracteoles shorter than calyx tube. Calyx ca. 1.5 mm, hirsute, glandular; teeth narrowly triangular. Corolla reddish or purple-red, 3–4 mm, hairy outside, sparsely hairy on limb inside. Fl. Aug-Sep, fr. Oct-Feb.

Forests, thickets; 900–3200 m. Sichuan, Xizang, Yunnan [Bhutan, India (Sikkim), Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Vietnam].

