

77. OREOCOMOPSIS Pimenov & Kljuykov, Acta Phytotax. Sin. 34: 2. 1996.

羽苞芹属 yu bao qin shu

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Herbs, perennial. Stem solitary, base clothed with fibrous remnant sheaths. Leaves 2–4-pinnate; ultimate segments lanceolate or rhombic, margins dentate. Bracts several, similar to the upper cauline leaves, pinnate, rarely entire; bracteoles linear or filiform, 2–3 × umbellules, reflexed. Calyx obsolete. Petals oblanceolate or obovate, base cuneate, apex acuminate, incurved. Stylopodium conical; styles short, reflexed. Fruit ovoid, scarcely dorsally compressed, glabrous, commissure narrow; ribs prominent, winged, wings on lateral ribs broader; vittae (1–)2–3 in each furrow, 4–6 on commissure. Seed face slightly concave. Carpophore 2-cleft to base.

Two species: Himalayan region, W China: one species (endemic) in China.

Oreocomopsis resembles *Oreocome* Edgeworth, but differs in having bracts pinnate (rarely entire); bracteoles linear or filiform, 2–3 × umbellules; mericarp commissure narrowed; and mesocarp parenchyma not lignified.

1. *Oreocomopsis xizangensis* Pimenov & Kljuykov, Acta Phytotax. Sin. 34: 3. 1996.

西藏羽苞芹 xi zang yu bao qin

Plants 25–30 cm, roots cylindrical. Stem erect, 4–5 mm thick, often violet at base. Basal leaves petiolate, petioles 8–10 cm, glabrous; blade rhomboid in outline, 6–12 × 6–12 cm, 3–4-pinnate, primary pinnae petiolate, but distal sessile; ultimate segments rhomboid or ovate ca. 6–10 mm, margin pinnate, dentate or lobed on each side. Upper leaves few (1–2), similar to basal, but reduced. Umbels 6–10 cm across; bracts 6–10, ca. equaling rays, 1–2-pinnate, pilose; rays 12–26, unequal, 4–9

cm, pilose; bracteoles numerous, filiform, entire or 2-lobed, 2–3 × umbellules, reflexed, pilose. Petals deep violet, 1.2–2.3 mm. Fruit 6–6.5 × 3.5–4 mm. Fr. Sep.

• *Rhododendron* forests, valleys; 5100–5300 m. S Xizang (Nyalam, Rinbung).

This rather poorly known taxon is recorded from only a few collections. One of us (Pu) has examined no specimens. The species is closely allied to *Oreocomopsis stelliphora* (Cauwet & Farille) Pimenov & Kljuykov, from Nepal, in having bracts foliaceous and bracteoles 2–3 × as long as umbellules, but it differs most noticeably in having pilose rays, bracts, and bracteoles; rays 12–26 (vs. 6–8); and calyx teeth absent (vs. evident).

