

13. CHAEROPHYLLOPSIS H. de Boissieu, Bull. Soc. Bot. France 56: 353. 1909.

滇藏细叶芹属 dian zang xi ye qin shu

She Menglan (佘孟兰 Sheh Meng-lan); Mark F. Watson

Herbs annual. Taproot slender. Stem erect, slender, sparingly branched. Leaves long-petiolate; petiole with oblong sheathing base; leaf blade 3–4-pinnate/pinnatifid, thin, papery. Upper stem leaves small, petioles wholly sheathing. Umbels compound, terminal and lateral; bracts absent or rarely 1; rays numerous, subequal, spreading; bracteoles several, narrow, shorter than flowers. Flowers bisexual. Calyx teeth lanceolate, prominent, persistent. Petals oblong-obovate, pinkish white, abaxially pubescent, apex inflexed. Stylopodium widely low-conic; styles very short, deciduous. Fruit small, narrowly oblong, terete, glabrous; ribs equal, filiform, prominent; vittae 1–2 in each furrow, 2 on commissure. Carpophore bifid at apex.

- One species.

1. Chaerophyllopsis huai H. de Boissieu, Bull. Soc. Bot. France 56: 353. 1909.

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Plants to 50 cm high. Leaf blade ovate-oblong in outline, ca. 10 × 6 cm; pinnae 5–6 pairs; ultimate segments ovate, 4–5.5 × 3–4 mm, adaxially sparsely squamose-pubescent. Peduncles squamose-pubescent; umbels 5–6 cm wide; rays 18–20, 2–4 cm, slender, angled, squamose-pubescent; bracteoles several,

linear-lanceolate; umbellules more than 10-flowered; pedicels densely scaly-villous. Calyx teeth lanceolate, longer than stylopodium. Fruit oblong, terete; mericarps pentagonal in cross section; ribs acute, equal. Fl. Aug–Sep, fr. Sep–Oct.

- Among shrubs and in grassy areas in alpine valleys; 3600–3800 m. SE Xizang (Zayü), Yunnan (Binchuan).

This incompletely known species is recorded only from a few collections.

