145. EREMOSPARTON Fischer & C. A. Meyer, Enum. Pl. Nov. 1: 75. 1841.

无叶豆属 wu ye dou shu

Sun Hang (孙航); Kai Larsen

Shrubs, short. Leaves squamiform. Flowers numerous; racemes slender, sparsely flowered. Calyx campanulate; teeth 5, ca. 1/2 as long as keel, upper 2 wider than lower 3. Standard orbicular or orbicular-reniform, base shortly clawed, apex with a sinus; keel shorter than wings. Stamens diadelphous; anthers homomorphic. Ovary sessile; style inrolled, upper dorsal surface longitudinally barbate; stigma terminal. Legume orbicular or oval, flattened and slightly turgid, 2-valvate, indehiscent. Seeds 1 or 2(or 3), reniform, without strophiole, segments membranous.

About three species: C Asia; one species in China.

1. Eremosparton songoricum (Litvinov) Vassilczenko in Komarov, Fl. URSS 11: 311. 1945.

准噶尔无叶豆 zhun ga er wu ye dou

Eremosparton aphyllum (Pallas) Fischer & C. A. Meyer var. songoricum Litvinov, Trudy Bot. Muz. Imp. Akad. Nauk 11: 74. 1913.

Shrubs, 50-80 cm tall. Stems much branched at base; old branches fulvous, with peeling bark; young branches green, sparsely pubescent, slender, slightly angulate. Leaves squami-

form, lanceolate, 1–2.5 mm. Flowers solitary, axillary, forming long racemes (10–15 cm) on branches; pedicel 1–1.5 mm. Calyx tube ca. 2 mm; teeth triangular, appressed pubescent. Corolla purple; standard broadly reniform, ca. 4×7 mm; wings oblong, claw ca. 1/2 as long as limb; keel shorter than wings, argute at apex, claw slightly shorter than limb. Legume slightly turgid, ovate or oval, 6–13 \times 5–8 mm, appressed pubescent, with acute beak, segments membranous. Seed 1(–3), reniform. Fl. May–Jun, fr. Jun–Jul.

Migratory or subfixed dunes. Xinjiang (Junggar Pendi) [Kazakhstan].