38. CERATOCEPHALA Moench, Methodus, 218. 1794.

角果毛茛属 jiao guo mao gen shu

Wang Wencai (王文采 Wang Wen-tsai); Michio Tamura

Herbs annual, erect. Leaves all basal, a few sessile, undivided and linear, others petiolate; leaf blade 3-sect, segments undivided or 1 or $2 \times dissected$ into linear lobules. Scapes naked. Inflorescence a solitary terminal flower. Flowers bisexual, actinomorphic. Sepals 5, deciduous. Petals 3–5, yellow, narrowly obovate, clawed at base, with a nectary pit covered by a scale above claw. Stamens few to 10; filaments linear; anthers ellipsoid. Carpels 10 to numerous; ovule 1 per carpel; ovary attenuate into a subulate style. Aggregate fruit globose or cylindric; achenes 10 to numerous, spirally attached to elongated receptacle, with 2 hard hollow protuberances at base; style persistent, forming flattened spinelike beak.

Four species: N Africa, W Asia, Europe, SW Pacific Islands (New Zealand); two species in China.

1a. Persistent style falcate, ca. $7-10 \times 1-1.2$ mm

1. C. falcata

1b. Persistent style straight, $1.5-5 \times 0.7-0.9$ mm

2. C. testiculata

1. Ceratocephala falcata (Linnaeus) Persoon, Syn. Pl. 1: 341. 1805.

弯喙角果毛茛 wan hui jiao guo mao gen Ranunculus falcatus Linnaeus, Sp. Pl. 1: 556. 1753; Ceratocephala falcata var. orthoceras (de Candolle) Aitchison & Hemsley; C. orthoceras de Candolle. Petiole to 5 cm; leaf blade palmately or furcately divided into linear segments to 2 mm wide. Scapes to 10 cm. Flowers to 1.4 cm in diam. Sepals elliptic to narrowly ovate-oblong, 3–4 mm, densely lanuginose. Petals oblong-obovate, 5–7 mm. Carpels numerous. Aggregate fruit ovate to shortly cylindric, 1–3 cm; achenes 2–3 mm. Persistent style 7–10 mm, falcate, tomentose or rarely glabrous on lower part. Fl. and fr. Apr–May.

Dry places, dry stones, often a weed of cultivation. C Xinjiang [Kazakhstan, N Pakistan; SW Asia, Europe]. Some authors have treated this and the following species as members

2. Ceratocephala testiculata (Crantz) Roth, Enum. 1: 1014. 1827

角果毛茛 jiao guo mao gen

of a single, continually variable species.

Ranunculus testiculatus Crantz, Stirp. Austr. Fasc. 2: 97. 1763.

Outermost ca. 4 basal leaves sessile; leaf blade linear, $4-7 \times 1-1.5$ mm, glabrous or subglabrous; other basal leaves 4–11; petiole 0.3–2 cm, sparsely arachnoid; leaf blade broadly cuneate or flabellate-rhombic, 3–12 × 3– 20 mm, sparsely arachnoid, base cuneate or broadly cuneate, 3-sect; segments unequally 1 or 2×2 -sect, ultimate lobules linear. Scapes 1-5.8 cm, arachnoid. Flowers 6–9 mm in diam. Receptacle glabrous. Sepals long elliptic, 2.5–4.5 mm, abaxially densely puberulent. Petals narrowly obovate or ligulate, $4-6 \times 1.2-1.8$ mm, apex rounded; scale ligulate, ca. 0.3 mm. Stamens 4-10, ca. 2.5 mm; anthers ca. 0.8 mm. Carpels 10–60, ca. 2 mm; ovary densely arachnoid, longer than style. Aggregate fruit subglobose to oblong, $0.3-2 \times 0.5-1$ cm; achenes 1.5–2 mm, arachnoid. Persistent style $1.5–5 \times$ 0.7-0.9 mm, straight, sparsely arachnoid. Fl. Apr-May,

River banks, dry slopes, deserts; 600–1600 m. C and W Xinjiang [Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, N Pakistan, Russia (W Siberia); SW Asia, Europe].