

7. ELETTARIOPSIS Baker in J. D. Hooker, Fl. Brit. India 6: 251. 1892.

拟豆蔻属 ni dou kou shu

Herbs perennial, to 1 m tall. Rhizomes creeping, slender, bearing pseudostems at intervals. Leaves 1–8; ligule entire or 2-lobed; petiole erect, long; leaf blade ovate, lanceolate, elliptic, or oblong. Inflorescences arising from base of pseudostems, with flowers spaced along rachis or sometimes in an erect, dense head; rachis prostrate or erect, simple or branched; bracts 1- or 2-flowered; bracteoles open, not tubular. Calyx white or pinkish, tubular, apex 2- or 3-toothed. Corolla tube longer than calyx, slender; lobes 3, ovate-oblong or elliptic. Lateral staminodes absent or very short. Filament short and broad; connective appendage ± quadrate, lateral lobes not spreading. Ovary 3-loculed; ovules numerous per locule. Stigma obconical, ciliate. Stylodes 2, slender. Capsule globose, glabrous.

About 12 species: China, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Thailand, Vietnam; one species in China.

1. Elettariopsis monophylla (Gagnepain) Loesener in Engler & Prantl, Nat. Pflanzenfam., ed. 2, 15a: 603. 1930.

单叶拟豆蔻 dan ye ni dou kou

Amomum monophyllum Gagnepain, Bull. Soc. Bot. France 54: 163. 1907.

Bladeless leaves 2. Normal leaves 1(or 2); ligule ca. 2 mm; petiole ca. 14 cm, channeled; leaf blade ovate or oblong, 12–16 × 3–7 cm, leathery, glabrescent, base obliquely acute, apex acute. Inflorescence with flowers in a head; peduncle 1–3 cm; bracts lanceolate, ca. 2 cm; bracteoles ovate, ca. 4 mm. Flowers sessile. Calyx ca. 2.5 cm, apex 3-toothed. Corolla tube ca. 3 cm; lobes ovate-oblong, 1.2–1.5 cm, central one wider than lateral ones, apex cucullate. Lateral staminodes absent. Labellum white with reddish base and yellow middle, orbicular, ca. 1.7 cm in diam., concave, base shortly clawed, apex entire. Filament basally and abaxially pilose; connective appendage subquadrate, entire, ca. 4 mm, concave. Ovary slightly pilose, inconspicuously 6-angled. Fl. May.

Forest floors; near sea level to 100 m. Hainan [Laos].

