3. OPHIORRHIZIPHYLLON Kurz, J. Asiat. Soc. Bengal, Pt. 2, Nat. Hist. 40: 76. 1871.

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Hu Jiaqi (胡嘉琪 Hu Chia-chi), Deng Yunfei (邓云飞); Thomas F. Daniel

Phyllophiorhiza Kuntze.

Herbs, erect, without cystoliths. Leaves opposite, petiolate; leaf blade pinnately veined, margin entire. Inflorescence terminal spikes to racemes, unbranched or branched at base; bracts subopposite to alternate; bracteoles present. Calyx subequally 5-lobed. Corolla tube expanded apically, annular hairy at throat or glabrous; limb 2-lipped; lower lip 3-lobed; upper lip 2-lobed; lobes descending cochlear in bud. Stamens 2, exserted; anthers 2-thecous; thecae ellipsoid to oblong, divergent toward apex; staminodes 2. Ovary ovoid-spherical; ovules 13–18 per locule, arranged in 2 rows per locule; style exserted; stigma 2-lobed. Capsule ovoid, with numerous seeds; retinacula absent. Seeds subglobose.

Two species: China, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam; one species in China.

Other species previously treated in this genus pertain to other genera. *Ophiorrhiziphyllon hypoleucum* (Benoist) Benoist = *Staurogyne hypoleuca* Benoist and *O. laxum* Lindau = *Justicia* sp., according to Hossain (A. B. M. E. Hossain, Studies in the Classification and Affinities of Acanthaceae (Ph.D. Dissertation), University of Edinburgh, United Kingdom. 1971).

1. Ophiorrhiziphyllon macrobotryum Kurz, J. Asiat. Soc. Bengal, Pt. 2, Nat. Hist. 40: 76. 1871.

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Ophiorrhiziphyllon poilanei Benoist.

Herbs to 1 m tall, erect. Young branches terete to 4-angled, brown pubescent. Petiole 3-8 cm, sulcate, pubescent; leaf blade oblong-ovate, oblong-elliptic, or lanceolate, $(8-)15-17 \times (2-)5-$ 7 cm, abaxially pale green and pubescent along veins, adaxially green and glabrous, secondary veins 7-10 on each side of midvein, base cuneate to subrounded and sometimes decurrent onto petiole, margin entire, apex acute. Rachises, peduncles, pedicels, bracts, and bracteoles brown pubescent with gland-tipped trichomes. Spikes or racemes terminal, unbranched or branched at base; peduncle 0–2 mm; bracts subulate to lanceolate, ca. $4 \times$ 1 mm; bracteoles linear, ca. 1 mm. Pedicel 0-1 mm. Calyx ca. 5 mm, outside sparsely pubescent with gland-tipped trichomes; lobes triangular, ca. 2 mm, margin ciliate with gland-tipped trichomes. Corolla yellowish white, ca. 7 mm; lobes suborbicular, ca. 2 × 2 mm. Staminal filaments ca. 8 mm, glabrous; staminodes included. Ovary glabrous; style ca. 8 mm, glabrous. Capsule 3.5-5.5 mm. Fl. Oct-Feb, fr. Mar.

Dense forests, along streams; 100–1300 m. S Yunnan [Laos, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam].