

14. PSEUDOCERASTIUM C. Y. Wu, X. H. Guo & X. P. Zhang in X. P. Zhang & X. H. Guo, Acta Bot. Yunnan. 20: 395. 1998.

假卷耳属 jia juan er shu

Lu Dequan (鲁德全); Richard K. Rabeler

Herbs perennial. Stems erect or ascending. Leaves ovate to obovate-spatulate; stipules absent. Inflorescence a leafy dichasium; bracts immediately subtending calyx absent. Sepals 5. Petals 5, white, deeply bifid. Stamens 10. Ovary 1-loculed; ovules numerous; styles 5, opposite sepals, attached to deciduous disc. Capsule shortly cylindric, dehiscent with 10 apical teeth. Seeds numerous, reniform, tuberculate; embryo curved.

• One species.

1. Pseudocerastium stellarioides X. H. Guo & X. P. Zhang, Acta Bot. Yunnan. 20: 396. 1998.

假卷耳 jia juan er

Stems 5–25 cm tall, villous, sometimes with intermixed glandular hairs. Proximal leaves petiolate, distal leaves sessile; leaf blade 1.5–3 × 1–2 cm, pubescent, base rounded or cordate, apex acuminate. Flowers terminal; bracts leaflike, margin pubescent, sometimes glandular hairy; pedicel slender, densely glandular hairy. Sepals ovate-oblong, 5–7 mm, abaxially glandular pubescent, margin membranous, apex acuminate. Petals obovate-oblong, 1–1.2 cm; lobes 3–4 mm. Stamens shorter than petals. Ovary globose; styles linear. Capsule included in sepals. Seeds brown. Fl. and fr. Jul.

• 800–1000 m. Anhui.

