

**1. CANSJERA** Jussieu, Gen. Pl. 448. 1789, nom. cons.

山柑藤属 shan gan teng shu

*Tsjeru-caniram* Adanson, nom. rej.

Lianas or shrubs. Spikes axillary; bracts small, persistent. Flowers bisexual, 1 per bract. Perianth urceolate or campanulate, 4(or 5)-lobed, pilose. Filaments filiform. Disk scales alternate with stamens. Ovary ovoid or cylindrical. Style short, hardly exceeding the perianth tube. Drupe mesocarp fleshy; endocarp thin; embryo with 3 or 4 cotyledons.

Three species: S and SE Asia, Australia, Pacific Islands; one species in China.

**1. Cansjera rheedei** J. F. Gmelin, Syst. Nat. 2: 280. 1791.

山柑藤 shan gan teng

Lianas climbing to 8 m or erect shrubs. Branchlets yellowish tomentose. Petiole 2–4 mm, tomentulose; leaf blade ovate to elliptic, 4–13 × 2.5–6 cm, ± leathery, glabrescent, base broadly cuneate to rounded, apex acuminate; veins 4–6 on each side of midvein. Inflorescences fascicled, 1–3 cm, tomentulose; bracts triangular, ca. 1 mm. Perianth yellowish, urceolate, ca. 3 mm;

lobes 4, ovate-triangular, ca. 0.5 mm, recurved. Filaments ca. 2 mm; anthers broadly ovoid. Disk scales 4, ovate, apex acute. Ovary cylindrical. Style ca. 1 mm, persistent; stigma capitate, 4-lobed. Drupe orange-red, ellipsoid, 1.2–1.5 × 0.7–1 cm, glabrous. Fl. Oct–Dec, fr. Jan–Apr.

Forests, thickets; near sea level to 1400 m. Guangdong, Guangxi, Hainan, Yunnan [Cambodia, India, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Vietnam; Australia, Pacific Islands].

